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U. S. Department of Agriculture

MT. HOOD FROM ZIGZAG CANYON

— Photo by A. Sherwood

*I am glad no flame from the sunset's gold  
Can be touched by man, be owned or sold;  
Nor one square clipped from azure sky  
By men, to offer for bid or buy.*

— FROM EXEMPT BY AMY VIAU

# SHERWOOD NURSERY CO.

*Evergreens* - PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS  
WHOLESALE

MAILING ADDRESS — CORBETT, OREGON — PHONE FRONTIER 5-2796  
NURSERY — GRESHAM, OREGON

*Fall 1959*

*Spring 1960*

## TERMS AND INFORMATION

**THE SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY** located six miles east of Gresham, Oregon, are leading propagators and growers of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. **SHIPPING SEASON:** Plants can be shipped from our nursery from about October 1, throughout the fall, winter and spring to about May 1.

### TERMS:

Our terms are **NET CASH**. Note carefully the following conditions:

1. We **PAY SHIPPING COSTS** on lining out stock to all points in the United States and Canada except Alaska and Hawaii. Lining out stock for this purpose is defined as any stock not listed as **B&B** or **BR**.
2. At least **ONE-FOURTH** of the purchase price must accompany all lining out orders. Balance **C.O.D.** Payment in full prior to shipping required on all **B&B**, **BR** and Canadian shipments. **NO ORDER ACCEPTED UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY AT LEAST 25% OF THE PURCHASE PRICE.** You will save unnecessary correspondence and loss of time by observing this regulation. To save cost and inconvenience of **C.O.D.**, payment in full should accompany orders of \$20.00 or less. No Canadian shipment accepted for less than \$40.00.
3. The prices quoted are **NET CASH PRICES. F.O.B. Gresham.** **POSITIVELY NO ORDER** for lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety. Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to **ONE SIZE** and **ONE VARIETY** only. We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great. Five plants of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. **B&B** signifies balled and burlapped; **BR**, bare roots; **S**, seedling not transplanted; **T** for each transplanting.
4. The prices quoted herein will hold only throughout the coming nursery year and supersede all other prices.
5. Orders will be dug and shipped promptly in the order in which they are received and as soon as digging conditions will permit. We aim to take care of all orders without unnecessary delay. **NO STOCK CAN BE RESERVED LATER THAN APRIL 1.** Orders coming in after April 1 will be shipped as soon as possible.

### CONTRACT GROWING

Are you short of some item? Are you year after year unable to acquire a suitable quantity of some variety which you know you can sell? How about having us grow for you on contract? Our terms are very easy and reasonable. You will like them. We will contract grow for delivery in one or more years any evergreen, in any quantity of 500 or more, in any size, in any age from one to seven years if it can be grown from seed or cuttings and we are able to secure the propagating stock. We have one of the largest commercial collections of evergreen propagating stock on the continent consisting of many hundreds of species and varieties. We will not contract grow less than 500 plants of one item.

### PACKING:

No packing charge is made on any stock.

We are shipping many small balled grades safely and profitably to the buyer packed **BR** (Bare Roots) thereby cutting down shipping costs. Where this can be done we have so indicated. Our method of packing insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition at any place in the United States and Canada.

### RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner. **WE MAKE NO GUARANTEE**, either expressed or implied, that the plants will grow or give specific results. **ALL SHIPMENTS ARE MADE AT THE RISK OF THE PURCHASER AFTER BEING DELIVERED TO THE CARRIER IN GOOD CONDITION.** We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm, crop failure or other cause result in injury or destruction of stock, or in inability to deliver.

**SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY**  
**CORBETT, OREGON**

**Phone Frontier 5-2796**

(a-beel'i-ah)

|      |    |     |      |
|------|----|-----|------|
| Each | 10 | 100 | 1000 |
|------|----|-----|------|

(ay'bi-eez)

|                                    |    |       |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 3- 6 inches not transplanted.....  | 7  | 63    |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | 10 | 90    |
| 9-12 " " " ".....                  | 12 | 108   |
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 8  | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " ".....                  | 9  | 81    |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | 13 | 117   |
| 9-12 " " " ".....                  | 16 | 144   |
| 12-15 " " " ".....                 | 20 | 180   |

**Abies homolepis** (Nikko Fir)

Hardy fir from the mountains of Japan. Medium sized tree with heavy branches. Foliage lustrous, dark green above, silvery white beneath. Much desired ornamental evergreen.

|                                   | Each     | 10       | 100  | 1000     |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|------|----------|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | \$ _____ | \$ _____ | \$ 5 | \$ _____ |
| 3- 6 " " " " " "                  | _____    | _____    | 7    | 63       |

### **Abies lasiocarpa** (Alpine Fir)

This sturdy tree bears much the same relation to firs that the Mt. Hemlock does to hemlocks. It is the slender picturesque conifer of the higher elevations being truly a mountain subject. It thrives at the lower levels where it almost seems to bring the mountain atmosphere with it. To the tree lover there is at once an association of mountain meadows, rocks and snow fed streams where it prefers to grow. The dark silvery tinged foliage resembles the Noble Fir though having shorter needles. It has the healthful fragrance of other firs.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted.....  | 5  | 45  |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | 7  | 63  |
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 8  | 72  |
| 3- 6 " " " ".....                  | 9  | 81  |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | 13 | 117 |
| 9-12 " " " ".....                  | 16 |     |

### **Abies veitchi** (Veitch Fir)

Considered one of the most beautiful and charming of all firs. Extremely hardy. Branches slender, needles abundant, crowded, dark shiny green above, silvery beneath. Native from the mountains of Japan.

|  |  |  |    |    |
|--|--|--|----|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted.....          |  |  | 5  | 45 |
| 3- 6 "          "               "        " |  |  | 7  | 63 |
| 6- 9 "          "               "        " |  |  | 10 | 90 |

**Acer palmatum atropurpureum** (Bloodleaf Jap. Maple) (*ay'-ser*)

Deciduous shrub grown from seed and having much variation in shape and color of leaves.

|      |                               |  |  |    |       |
|------|-------------------------------|--|--|----|-------|
| 1- 3 | inches once transplanted..... |  |  | 11 | ----- |
| 3- 6 | " " " " " "                   |  |  | 15 | ----- |
| 6- 9 | " " " " " "                   |  |  | 20 | ----- |

**Ajuga reptans rubra** (Purpleleaf Bugle) (*a-jeu'gah*)

A worthy rock plant and ground cover. Has a rich green, slightly bronzed foliage, which is heavy and cleaves close to the ground. The blue flower spikes are six inches tall, are numerous and appear in the spring. There is the impression of pleasing and perfect harmony between blossoms and foliage. Evergreen.

|                    |   |    |
|--------------------|---|----|
| 1 year plants..... | 8 | 72 |
|--------------------|---|----|

**Andromeda—See Pieris**

**Arborvitae—See Thuja**

**Arbutus unedo** (Strawberry tree) (*ahr'-bew-tus*)

A spreading shrub with rich evergreen foliage. Has many charming, pearl white bell shaped flowers followed in the fall by brilliant red strawberry like fruits. Does well in sun or partial shade and is drought resistant.

|                                    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 12 |
| 3- 6 " " " " ....."                | 16 |

**Aucuba japonica nana** (Dwarf Aucuba) (Female) (*au-keu'bah*)

This is a dwarf form with lustrous green leaves and a profusion of bright scarlet berries borne in clusters making a combination of surpassing beauty. Appeals to everyone. Hardy. Comparatively new and rare but certain to find a place in many gardens. Like the other aucubas, it is dioecious and the male plants must be planted with the females to produce fruit. Shade loving evergreen.

|                                    |       |       |    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 11 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | ----- | ----- | 15 | ----- |

## Azalea amoena coccinea

|                                    | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000   |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|--------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | \$ ..... | \$ ..... | \$ 12 | \$ 108 |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | -----    | -----    | 16    | 144    |
| 6- 9 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | -----    | -----    | 20    | 180    |

|                                      |     |      |       |     |       |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 | ..... |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|

|                                    |       |       |          |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 12 ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | ----- | ----- | 16 ----- |

|                                     |     |      |       |     |       |
|-------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 9-12 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.00 | 9.00  | 81  | ----- |
| 12-15 " " " " .....                 | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 | ----- |

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ..... | ..... | 12 | 108 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|

|  |    |     |
|--|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches twice transplanted.....                | 12 | 108 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                                    | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                                    | 20 | 180 |
| 9-12 " " ".....                                    | 24 | 216 |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted 1 to 5 buds..... BR | 50 | 450 |
| 9-12 " " " 1 to 5 buds..... BR                     | 60 | 540 |
| 12-15 " " " 1 to 5 buds..... BR                    | 75 | 675 |
| 15-18 " " " 1 to 5 buds..... BR                    | 90 |     |

(Originated and introduced by Sherwood Nursery Co.)

|   |      |  |    |     |
|---|------|--|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....              |      |  | 12 | 108 |
| 3- 6 " " " " .....                              |      |  | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " " .....                              |      |  | 20 | 180 |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted specimens.....BR | 5.40 |  | 49 |     |

### Sherwood Orchid Azalea

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. We have been growing it for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention. Foliage about the size of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea but the plant is hardier. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant and are large for a dwarf azalea. This evergreen fills a need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled. It has proved itself to be the hardiest evergreen azalea that we grow.

|  | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000   |
|--|----------|----------|-------|--------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....                             | \$ ----- | \$ ----- | \$ 12 | \$ 108 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....   | -----    | -----    | 16    | 144    |
| 6- 9 " " " .....   | -----    | -----    | 20    | 180    |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted specimens.....BR                | .60      | 5.40     | ----- | -----  |
| 9-12 " " " ....."BR  | .80      | 7.20     | 65    | -----  |
| If you desire the above two grades B&B add 25 cents per plant. |          |          |       |        |
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B                        | 1.25     | 11.30    | 102   | -----  |
| 15-18 " " " .....B&B   | 1.55     | 14.00    | 126   | -----  |
| 18-24 " " " .....B&B   | 2.00     | 18.00    | 162   | -----  |
| 24-30 " " " .....B&B   | 2.50     | 22.50    | 203   | -----  |
| The 12-15 inch grade can be safely shipped BR.                 |          |          |       |        |

### Sherwood Red Azalea

A magnificent azalea. Compact, dwarf, and evergreen. Foliage so glossy it shines, bright green turning in cold weather to fiery red. Better foliage than *Azalea hinodegiri* from which it was hybridized. Flowers in such abundance that the foliage is almost entirely hidden and of the most brilliant blood red imaginable, brighter by far than *Azalea hinodegiri*. Hardy. Words utterly fail to describe Sherwood Red Azalea. We consider it the finest, dwarf, red azalea ever offered the nursery trade. It has everything: hardiness, clean habit of growth, easy culture, splendid foliage and almost unbelievable showiness of inflorescence.

|   |     |      |  |    |     |
|---|-----|------|--|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....              |     |      |  | 12 |     |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                                |     |      |  | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                                |     |      |  | 20 | 180 |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted specimens.....BR | .60 | 5.40 |  | 49 |     |
| 9-12 " " " " .....                              |     |      |  |    |     |
| if you desire them.....BR                       | .80 | 7.20 |  | 65 |     |

If you desire the above two grades B&B add 25 cents per plant.

**Barberry—See Berberis**

**BERBERIS (BARBERRIES)** (*bur'ber-is*)

**Berberis buxifolia nana** (Dwarf Magellan Barberry)

Often called Dwarf Box Barberry. Foliage deep green, compact. Hardy evergreen with orange flowers. One of the best low hedge and border plants. Height about two feet.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 17 | 153 |
| 6- 9 " " "                         | ----- | ----- | 21 |     |

**Berberis chenaulti** (Chenault Barberry)

Similar to verruculosa but somewhat more open growing. Leaves small, dark, rich, glossy green. Flowers orange yellow. Height about five feet. Hardy. 9 inches once transplanted.

|       |                               |    |
|-------|-------------------------------|----|
| 6-9   | inches once transplanted..... | 21 |
| 9-12  | " " ".....                    | 25 |
| 12-15 | " " ".....                    | 29 |

### **Berberis darwini** (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chile to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about five feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange colored flowers. Very decorative.

|                                     |    |  |    |     |
|-------------------------------------|----|--|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches twice transplanted..... |    |  | 22 | 198 |
| 12-18 " " ".....                    | BR |  | 29 | 261 |
| 18-24 " " ".....                    | BR |  | 33 | 297 |

One of the best upright barberries. The leaves are large, foliage heavy and the thorns which are long and sharp are well hidden by the foliage. Some of the leaves remain green through the winter, others turn brilliant scarlet and are mingled among the green leaves in the fall and winter in a most showy and attractive manner. Hardy. Height about six feet.

A low growing, well formed and gracefully spreading evergreen shrub. Height three feet. Has small, slender, three pronged holly like leaves which are deep green and glossy. Abundant yellow flowers. Very hardy and one of the best of the dwarf barberries.

That Oregon Myrtle is native only in a small place on the West Coast.

Evergreen shrub growing to about five feet in height. Branches slender, gracefully arching. Leaves rather long and narrow. Flowers yellow. Hardy.

Small, deep green, glossy foliage. Rather rapid growing. An excellent well known hedge plant. Also often used for topiary work. Evergreen to six feet or more. Stands shearing well.

A bright, cheerful little dwarf with beautiful golden, variegated foliage. Hardy, of slow compact growth, thriving best in shaded locations in which situation the golden variegation becomes most pronounced. Has a lovely and interesting habit of sending out several slender waving branches beyond the main body of the plant. One of our bright enchanting broad leaved evergreens.

An upright growing box with rather large, deep green leaves. Excellent hedge subject. A superior variety. Can easily be pruned into a slender column.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " " .....                 | ----- | ----- | 14 | 126 |

Dwarf, slow growing. Foliage fine, deep green, dense. The well known evergreen edging plant. One of the best of all plants for formal borders.

A true dwarf box, hardy, compact, symmetrical. Presents a pleasing silvery appearance. Enchanting.

Dwarf evergreen heather attaining a height of 8 inches. Foliage dark green, very compact and dainty. Lavender flowers in mid-summer. Gem for rockeries and borders.

The Red Heather has become one of the popular garden evergreens. When in bloom there is nothing visible but the blossoms, which are a rich, purplish-red. It is a brilliant display of flowering beauty in mid-summer. Hardy, and grows about 18 inches tall. Its blooms are especially welcome coming at a season when there is but little competition in blossoming shrubs.

Camellia in commemoration of George J. Karmel or Cammellus, a Jesuit who traveled in Asia in the 17th century. The camellia holds a place right up in the front ranks among flowering trees. The superb, waxy, rose like flowers are loved by everyone, are fine when on the tree or as cut flowers. Leaves are large and their burnished waxy surface make just the right setting for the wax-like flowers which are alluring, double, perfectly shaped in bright red. A favorite.

Well known and deservedly popular evergreen with glossy, deep green foliage and waxy flowers. This camellia has double, perfect, clear pink flowers.

A variegated form. Flowers very double varying from red to white. No two flowers are alike on the same plant. Some are solid red, some mostly white but usually streaked white.

One of the outstanding, new, very choice, creepers. Grows about 6 to 12 inches in height and is wide spreading. Leaves small, serrated, bright glossy green. Flowers in abundant clusters, bright blue. Fully evergreen. Hardy. Excellent for dry terraces and banks. Splendid subject for planters and low foundations.

|                                    |       |       |    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 14 | ----- |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 17 | ----- |





A beautiful true dwarf conifer, dark, dense, bluish green foliage, erect and slow growing. Rounded pyramid in shape, the foliage standing up in solid vertical layers. Plants 20 years of age are only 30 inches high and 24 inches in diameter. An elite and captivating, hardy, unusual midget.

|                                     |     | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000   |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | BR  | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 24 | \$ 216 |
| 9-12 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25    | 11.30   | 102   | .....  |
| 12-15 " " " ".....                  | B&B | 1.65    | 14.90   | 134   | .....  |
| 15-18 " " " ".....                  | B&B | 2.00    | 18.00   | 162   | .....  |

A tree of great beauty, an upright slender column with the sky blue or azure foliage which everyone admires in a conifer. It has a strong central leader with vertical branches growing close to the trunk. Requires scarcely any care and develops into loveliness from year to year. As narrow as Pyramidal Arborvitae. Hardy. Rare. An excellent landscape subject which gives good height in a minimum of space. A magnificent specimen.

|    |   |      |       |       |                   |     |      |       |     |       |
|----|---|------|-------|-------|-------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 3- | 4 | feet | three | times | transplanted..... | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 | ----- |
| 4- | 5 | "    | "     | "     | "                 | B&B | 2.25 | 20.30 | 182 | ----- |
| 5- | 6 | "    | "     | "     | "                 | B&B | 2.75 | 24.80 | 223 | ----- |
| 6- | 7 | "    | "     | "     | "                 | B&B | 3.00 | 27.00 | 243 | ----- |

A beautiful low growing dwarf of very regular but spreading habit of growth attaining a spread of six feet with a height of three feet. Has lovely bright green foliage which lays on the plant in dense, heavy, flat layers. Excels for specimen or mass planting. Hardy.

| Excess for specimen or mass planting: Nursery: |     |      |       |     |
|--|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 9-12 inches three times transplanted           | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 |
| 12-15 " " "                                    | B&B | 1.65 | 14.90 | 134 |
| 15-18 " " "                                    | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 | 162 |
| 18-24 " " "                                    | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 | 203 |
| 24-30 " " "                                    | B&B | 3.00 | 27.00 |     |

That Oregon Grape is not a grape tho the fruit is much used for jelly.

Rather slender golden tree. Stately in habit with two tones of bright heavy golden foliage mingled together in a most effective contrast. Branches erect with pendulous tips toward the top of the tree. Hardy. Impressive.

|                                      |     |      |       |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 24-30 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |
| 30-36 " " " ".....                   | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 | 162 |
| 3- 4 feet twice transplanted.....    | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 | 203 |
| 4- 5 " " " ".....                    | B&B | 3.00 | 27.00 | 243 |
| 5- 6 " " " ".....                    | B&B | 3.50 | 31.50 |     |

Has dark bluish green foliage, growing in twisted tufts or whorls and of upright growth. One of the many beautiful forms of the Lawson Cypress.

|                                    |                |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | -----          |
| 3- 6 "      "                "     | -----          |
|                                    | 18.00      162 |

A very hardy, exceedingly dense dwarf globe. The tree is a solid mass of foliage which is bright green and plume like. Twenty five year old trees are globes four feet in diameter. Formal and very striking in appearance. We are not positive of the name. This variety is so rare that it is practically unknown.

|                                    |       |       |      |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 1300 | 117 |
| 3- 6       "       "       " ..... | ----- | ----- | 1700 | 153 |
| 6- 9       "       "       " ..... | ----- | ----- | 2000 | 180 |

|                                    |    |       |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144   |
| 6-12 " " ".....                    | 20 | ----- |
| 12-18 " " ".....                   | 24 | ----- |

**COTONEASTERS** (*koh-toh'-ne-as-ter*)

**Cotoneaster dammeri** (humifusa) (Bearberry Cotoneaster)

A small evergreen creeper often called *Cotoneaster humifusa*. Bears red berries in profusion. Never grows more than 6 inches tall. Fine rockery plant and good for ground covers. It also makes a wonderful wall covering when planted at the top of the wall and allowed to drape downwards. It is one of those delightful trailers, the name *humifusa* signifying "sprawling on the ground." A native of China, new in American gardens.

|                                    | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000     |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | \$ ----- | \$ ----- | \$ 11 | \$ ----- |
| 3- 6 " " "                         | -----    | -----    | 14    | 126      |
| 6-12 " " "                         | -----    | -----    | 18    | 162      |
| 12-18 " " "                        | -----    | -----    | 22    | 198      |

**Cotoneaster francheti** (Franchet Cotoneaster)

Generally recognized as one of the most graceful and ornamental of all cotoneasters. Has pendulous branches, silvery leaves and a mass of orange red berries in fall and winter. Evergreen. Native of western China.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
| 6-12 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | 18 | 162 |

**Cotoneaster horizontalis** (Rock Cotoneaster)

Well known and deservedly a great favorite. Low growing. The side branches fan out with a pleasing perfection of regularity. Leaves small, dark green. Bears masses of red berries in the fall that are carried well into the winter. Hardy. Deciduous.

|                               |    |     |
|-------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted  | 7  | 63  |
| 3- 6 " " "                    | 9  | 81  |
| 6-12 " " "                    | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted | 11 |     |
| 6-12 " " "                    | 15 | 135 |
| 12-18 " " "                   | 18 | 162 |

**Cotoneaster pannosa** (Silverleaf Cotoneaster)

An upright growing cotoneaster, beautiful both in leaf and fruit. Foliage is of silvery luster and the clusters of brilliant red berries are borne in abundance. Evergreen. Native of southwestern China.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 9  | 81  |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 11 | 99  |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 13 | 117 |

**Cotoneaster parneyi** (Parney Cotoneaster)

This is probably the best of the upright cotoneasters. Leaves evergreen, heavy, dark green. Height six to eight feet or more. Bears berries of brilliant red luster and in almost unbelievable profusion all along the stems. Hardy. A well liked shrub.

|   |      |       |     |    |     |
|---|------|-------|-----|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....      |      |       |     | 14 |     |
| 6-12 " " " .....                        |      |       |     | 17 | 153 |
| 18-24 inches twice transplanted.....B&B | 1.50 | 13.50 | 122 |    |     |

**Cotoneaster salicifolia** (Willowleaf Cotoneaster)

Graceful evergreen, similar to *Cotoneaster francheti*, and bearing clusters of red berries. It is an exceedingly graceful form, which taken with the slender willow-like leaves, makes it very attractive. Upright. Native of western China.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 14 | 126 |
| 6-12 " " "                         | ----- | ----- | 17 | 153 |

**Cryptomeria japonica nana** (Dwarf Cryptomeria) (*krip-toh-mee'ri-ah*)

Light green, hardy, very compact globe, extremely dwarf. Fifteen year old trees are only three feet in height. Rare. Valuable for low plantings.

|  |     |      |       |     |       |
|--|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 9-12 inches twice transplanted.....        | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 | ----- |
| 18-24 inches three times transplanted..... | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 | 203 | ----- |

**Cypress—See Chamaecyparis**

## CYTISUS (BROOMS) (*sit'i-sus*)

### **Cytisus kewensis** (Kew Broom)

Dwarf creeper, making trailing masses 4 to 5 feet across and 1 to 2 feet high. Bears a profusion of creamy white flowers. Hardy and rare.

|                                    | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000   |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 20 | \$ 180 |

**Cytisus praecox** (Warminster Broom)

Sometimes called Moonlight Broom. A multitude of slender pendulous, filament-like branches. Hardy, graceful, evergreen shrub. Flowers rich cream in color, completely covering the branches. A most pleasing and attractive shrub. Begins flowering at an early age. Of garden origin. Height five to six feet.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
| 12-18 " " ".....                   | 20 | 180 |

**Cytisus purgens** (Provence Broom)

Hardy, dwarf, evergreen broom reaching four feet in height. Grows into a beautiful compact globe without pruning. Flowers brilliant yellow in great profusion completely covering the plant. Rare.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|

**Cytisus purpureus** (Purple Broom)

A dwarf procumbent shrub, growing to 2 feet and bearing attractive purple flowers in profusion. Well leaved making it attractive in both leaf and blossom. A plant that is new and decidedly different among brooms. Native of south Austria and northern Italy. One of the hardiest. Very effective in mass plantings.

|                                   |    |     |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | 9  | 81  |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                 | 11 | 99  |
| 6-12 " " " ....."                 | 14 | 126 |

**Cytisus scoparius** (Borsch's Prostrate Broom)

Grows about three feet tall with a spread of six to eight feet making it very desirable for gank plantings. Foliage is dense. Flowers are of tri color effect in blending of bright garnet red, rose and ivory. The color effect at a distance is rose flecked with garnet. A most profuse bloomer and unexcelled in its class. Hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|

**Cytisus scoparius** (Burkwood)

Flowers are red with some bronze and pink mixed in. There is very little yellow and the general effect is dark red. Bushy erect growth, heavy bloomer. Hardy. Of English origin.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|

**Cytisus scoparius** (California)

Flowers are large, foliage extra good. There is a pleasing intermingling of crimson, cream and rose in the flowers, which are well displayed on somewhat open branches. The general color effect is distinctly pink.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | ..... | ..... | 16 | 144 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|

**Cytisus scoparius** (Geoffrey Skipworth)

Erect and spreading in habit, small flowers, very profuse blossomer, rose and cream. Effect is purplish pink.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | ..... | ..... | 16 | 144 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|



**Daphne mezereum alba** (White February Daphne) (*daf'ne*)

A stout branched shrub to four feet. The pure white, delightfully fragrant flowers appear before the leaves in profusion all along the stems. In midsummer these are followed by attractive yellow berries. Hardy. Lovely and rare.

|   | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000  |
|---|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted.....               | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 11 | \$ 99 |
| 3- 6       "              "              "..... | .....   | .....   | 14    | ..... |
| 3 -6 inches once transplanted.....              | .....   | .....   | 16    | ..... |
| 6- 9       "              "              "..... | .....   | .....   | 19    | ..... |

### DID YOU KNOW?

That there are over 900 species of rhododendrons.

**Daphne mezereum rubra** (Red February Daphne)

An erect shrub with stout branches and growing to a height of four feet. The lilac purple flowers like several other daphnes are delightfully fragrant. They appear very early in the season long before the leaves and cover the bare straight stems followed in late summer and fall by masses of brilliant showy red berries. Hardy.

|   |      |       |     |     |
|---|------|-------|-----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted.....               |      |       | 11  | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                                 |      |       | 14  | 126 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                                 |      |       | 17  | 153 |
| 9-12 " " ".....                                 |      |       | 21  |     |
| 12-15 " " ".....                                |      |       | 25  |     |
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....              |      |       | 16  | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                                 |      |       | 20  | 180 |
| 9-12 " " ".....                                 |      |       | 24  | 216 |
| 12-15 " " ".....                                |      |       | 28  |     |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted specimens.....BR | 6.80 |       | 61  |     |
| 9-12 " " " ".....BR                             | 9.00 |       | 81  |     |
| 18-24 inches twice transplanted.....B&B         | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |     |
| 24-30 " " " ".....B&B                           | 2.25 | 20.30 | 183 |     |

**ERICAS (HEATHS)** (*er'i-kah*)

**Erica carnea** (King George)

The red carnea. Grows six inches high with a spread of two to three feet. Foliage thick dark green, flowers bright red and completely cover the plant when in bloom in the spring. New introduction from England. One of the showiest and one of the prettiest of dwarf heaths.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " " " "   | 14 | 126 |

**Erica carnea** (Sherwood Creeping Heath)

Low growing heath with brilliantly green foliage. Blooms very profusely in late winter and spring. Flowers bright carmine red. Perfectly hardy. Splendid new evergreen. Height six inches. Has the habit of rooting along the stems thereby spreading almost indefinitely in a very satisfactory manner. An extraordinarily beautiful gem in rockeries, around pool margins and in borders. A superb ground cover. Pleasingly fresh in appearance the year round.

|  |    |     |
|--|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....                     | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " ".....                                      | 14 | 126 |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                                      | 17 | 153 |
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted budded specimen BR..... | 35 | 315 |
| 6- 9 " " " " " " BR.....                               | 45 | 405 |

**Erica carnea** (Sherwood Early Red)

Earliest of all the carnations. It starts blooming in January, a bewitching, brave little dwarf often sending its dainty little flower heads through the snow. Flowers bright red in enormous profusion for two months. A superb ground cover. It is perhaps at its best on steep banks or terraces but is excellent in almost any place where low growing plants are desired. Height about 12 inches. Always lovely, always desired.

|   | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000  |
|---|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....                | \$ ----- | \$ ----- | \$ 11 | \$ 99 |
| 3- 6 " " " " " "                                  | -----    | -----    | 14    | 126   |
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted budded specimen BR | -----    | -----    | 35    | 315   |
| 6- 9 " " " " " " BR                               | -----    | -----    | 45    | 405   |

**Erica carnea** (Springwood White)

Fine low growing heath with an abundance of bright green foliage. Hardy. Very fresh in appearance, dainty, height about ten inches. Flowers pure white in early spring completely covering the evergreen cushion like plant.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                    | 14 | 126 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                    | 17 |     |

**Erica cinerea maxwelli** (Maxwell Heath)

One of the most lovely of dwarf flowering evergreens, foliage soft, good green color the year 'round. Flowers bright pink in enormous profusion completely covering the plant. Has a very long blooming season in July and August. Height about twelve inches. Hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | 14 | 126 |

**Erica mediterranea hybrida** (Darley Heath)

This is one of the most attractive and desirable plants in its class grown in our nursery. It is hardy and dwarf seldom reaching more than one foot in height. It has beautiful, dense, dark green foliage, and from early winter to late spring is covered with such a profusion of lovely purplish blossoms that the foliage is practically obscured. It is not unusual to see this brave little plant blossoming through the snow. Being a winter bloomer, hardy, equally good for rockeries, borders, groups and masses, it should be included in every planting.

|                                   |    |     |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3-6 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
| 6-9 " " " .....                   | 17 | 153 |
| 9-12 " " " .....                  | 21 | 189 |

**Erica mediterranea hybrida alba** (White Darley Heath)

Same as *mediterranea hybrida* but with white flowers.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 14 | 126 |

**Erica mediterranea maxima**

An upright heath to 4 or 5 feet. Vigorous grower with fine, very dense dark green foliage and producing a wealth of lovely purple tinted flowers. In general characteristics it might be thought of as a tall erect form of Darley Heath. Fits well into average plantings. Hardy. Blooms through the spring season. A gorgeous plant in bloom and always attractive in foliage.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|

### **Erica stricta** (Corsican Heath)

Grows 3 or 4 feet high. Has lavender bloom in mid-summer and fine, dense, bright green foliage. Native of Corsica. One of the hardiest of the heaths. A good landscape subject. It is excellent for use where masses of foliage are desired, and for low sheared hedges it has but few equals.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 14 | 126 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 17 | 153 |
| 9-12 " " " .....                   | 21 |     |



Winsome, low growing heath reaching about 12 to 15 inches in height. Foliage soft, luxuriant, light green. Flowers in clusters on the tips of slender branches, dainty little bells of soft lavender. Hardy. Recent. Summer blooming.

|                                    | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000  |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 11 | \$ 99 |
| 3- 6 " " " " .....                 | -----   | -----   | 14    | 126   |
| 6- 9 " " " " .....                 | -----   | -----   | 17    | ----- |
| 9-12 " " " " .....                 | -----   | -----   | 21    | ----- |

A shrub that is fragrant both in flower and foliage. Leaves are bright, glossy green, small and delicate. Flowers are reddish pink and well fitted in form and color to the foliage making a pleasing combination. Grows to a height of five or six feet with long, slender, pendulous branches. Hardy evergreen.

|                                     |    |    |     |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|-----|
| 18-24 inches once transplanted..... | BR | 22 | 198 |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|-----|

A rather low growing evergreen shrub, having small, bright glossy leaves with gently serrated edges. Pleasingly fragrant both in flower and foliage. The blossoms, which are produced in clusters, are deep shell pink and bell shaped. A good addition to the garden.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | 15 | 135 |
| 12-18 " " ".....                   | 18 | 162 |

Gracefully arching and spreading shrub. Height 4 to 5 feet or more. Foliage glistening, bright green. Flowers deep coral red, conspicuous. An exceedingly attractive evergreen. New. Hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|

Upright evergreen shrub. Broad, light colored, variegated foliage. Good for lightening or removing the heaviness of a planting.

|                                    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | 14 |

Low procumbent shrub. May be trailing and rooting or climbing branches, sometimes reaching a height of several feet. The rich green foliage is carried all winter. It is at its best when planted against a wall or building where it will climb for several feet and grow in decorative beauty year by year. It belongs to a class of very worthy shrubs. Hardy evergreen. Beautiful in rockeries or when climbing up walls. A very superior ground cover.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
| 6-12 " " ".....                    | 19 | 171 |

A variegated, low, procumbent shrub with often trailing and rooting or climbing branches. Very dense foliage which presents a light appearance in summer and a cheerful, particularly pleasing one when in the winter season the variegation of the dainty leaves takes on charming tints of red and pink when flowers are scarce in the garden and a touch of color is welcome. Dwarf and hardy. Height about two feet but will mass up against a wall to a height of six feet or more in old specimens.

|  |    |     |
|--|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....               | 11 |     |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                                 | 14 | 126 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                                 | 17 |     |
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted.....              | 16 |     |
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted specimens..... BR | 30 |     |



|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 12 |     |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 20 | 180 |

Interesting, dwarf, irregularly ascending, picturesque, broad lead overgreen. Leaves tiny, convex, dark green, shining. Unusual and rare. Very hardy. A valuable addition for planters, low foundations and dwarf hedges.

|                                    | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000   |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 14 | \$ 126 |
| 3- 6 " " " " " "                   | -----   | -----   | 17    | -----  |

Dense, stiff branched, dwarf evergreen holly, leaves small, about one inch in width, dark green, luxuriant. Very hardy. Excellent in foundation plantings. Also a fine hedge subject.

|      |                          |    |     |
|------|--------------------------|----|-----|
| 1-3  | inches once transplanted | 13 | 117 |
| 3-6  | " " "                    | 17 | 153 |
| 6-9  | " " "                    | 21 | 189 |
| 9-12 | " " "                    | 25 |     |

Semi dwarf, heavily foliated, broad leaved evergreen. Leaves are very prickly. Bears red berries in profusion. Hardy. Native of central China.

|                                    |    |       |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | 18 | 162   |

## **JUNIPERUS (JUNIPERS)** (*joo-nip'er-us*)

Produces a dense mass of soft gray green foliage 3 to 4 feet high and broadly spreading. Hardy vigorous grower.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " "                         | ----- | ----- | 20 | 180 |

Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but more rapid growing, with bluish green foliage.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                    | 20 | 180 |

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. It has fine green foliage which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. Broadly spreading, reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet or more. Probably the most universal favorite of all junipers of its type.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 20 | 180 |
| 9-12 " " " .....                   | 24 |     |

Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but with light golden foliage.

|                                      |     |      |       |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....   |     |      | 16    | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                    |     |      | 20    | 180 |
| 9-12 " " " ".....                    |     |      | 24    |     |
| 18-24 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 |     |
| 24-30 " " " ".....                   | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 |     |
| 30-36 " " " ".....                   | B&B | 3.00 | 27.00 |     |

A very hardy prostrate form with rigid horizontal branches. Foliage rather coarse and prickly, bright green all seasons of the year. Juvenile and adult foliage is intermingled in heavy mats along the stems.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " " " .....                 | 16 | 144 |

A variegated form of the above with white splashes and tips intermingled with the green.

|   | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000    |
|---|---------|---------|-------|---------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....                    | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 13 | \$----- |
| 3- 6   "       "       "       "       "       "..... | -----   | -----   | 16    | 144     |
| 6- 9   "       "       "       "       "       "..... | -----   | -----   | 20    | -----   |

Same as the above but with golden splashes and tips. Much could be said for these fine junipers.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 20 |     |

This juniper has been well proven as it has been grown in American gardens for more than fifty years. It was first introduced into the Arnold Arboretum from Japan by Prof. Sargent in 1892. The branches overlap each other forming neat, dense masses of bluish green. It is a wide, low growing, spreading juniper reaching a height of only one foot and a spread of 10 to 12 feet or more in older trees. It is ideal for banks and terraces and for borders for taller growing trees. Its dense matted foliage and spreading habit of growth make it a ground cover of unsurpassed merit. The plants here listed are the bluish green type and the foliage possesses characteristics of peculiar and unusual beauty. Does well in poor or sandy soil. Very hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 |     |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 20 | 180 |

A low spreading, many branched juniper, with heavy gray-green foliage, resembling that of the hemlock. Very hardy and a rapid grower.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                    | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                    | 20 | 180 |

That the pines are the most important of conifers.

A low, spreading, many branched juniper with heavy golden foliage resembling hemlock in texture. Hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 20 | 180 |

One of the more recent introductions in creeping junipers. It grows close to the ground but the tips of the branches lift up not to exceed a height of eighteen inches. Its dense mat of foliage is deep green in summer, changing to a rich purple bronze when touched by the frosts of cold weather.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9       "       "       ".....  | 20 | 180 |
| 9-12       "       "       ".....  | 24 |     |

Hardy, creeping juniper, foliage needle-like, gray-green color. Very desirable in many plantings. Clings close to the ground, rocks or walls. Height 10 inches. Often misnamed *chinensis procumbens* or *procumbens*.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " ....."                  | 20 | 180 |



Native of the Appalachian Mts. Grows into a compact symmetrical shrub densely covered with foliage. Leaves medium size glossy and unchanging throughout the year. When in bloom the plants are literally bouquets of lovely cup shaped flowers, ranging from almost white to deep pink in color on individual specimens. Effective singly or in mass plantings. Height three feet or more. Very hardy and very desirable.





An ornate little evergreen shrub, native of Oregon, where it is much loved and enjoyed. Leaves are holly like and bright green. Has long clusters of bright golden yellow flowers in the spring followed by bunches of bright blue grape like berries which are sometimes used for jelly making. Attractive in foliage, flower and fruit. Also fine for interior decorative purposes. Some leaves take on autumn tints of crimson, deep red, bronze and gold. The shrub at its best in group plantings. One of the hardiest of the broad leaved evergreens. Height variable from three feet.

|   | Each     | 10       | 100    | 1000    |
|---|----------|----------|--------|---------|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted.....           | \$ ..... | \$ ..... | \$   6 | \$   54 |
| 3- 6 "               "               "..... | -----    | -----    | 8      | 72      |
| 6- 9 "               "               "..... | -----    | -----    | 11     | 99      |
| 9-12 "              "              ".....   | -----    | -----    | 14     | -----   |
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....          | -----    | -----    | 12     | 108     |
| 6- 9 "               "               "..... | -----    | -----    | 15     | 135     |
| 9-12 "              "              ".....   | -----    | -----    | 18     | -----   |
| 12-15 "            "            ".....      | -----    | -----    | 21     | -----   |

That when the flowers of Oregon Grape (*Mahonia aquifolium*) are even slightly disturbed as of a bee lighting that the stamens snap together like a mouse trap thoroughly dusting the insect with pollen.

Plants grow 12 to 18 inches tall. The leaves which are 12 to 15 inches long are beautifully fern like in form. Flowers are bright golden yellow followed by bunches of bright blue grape like fruit. The foliage is dark green turning to most beautiful shades of brilliant red and bronze in the fall. Does well in sun or shade. Thrives under conifers. Very hardy. One of the very best of Oregon's native shrubs.

|                                   |    |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | 6  | 54 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                   | 8  | 72 |
| 6- 9 " " ".....                   | 11 | 99 |
| 9-12 " " ".....                   | 14 |    |

**Nandina domestica** (Nandina) (*nan-dy'nah*)

A native of the Orient. Characterized by delicate foliage, the long, slender leaves being frond like. It bears large clusters of bright red berries which at times almost cover the top of the plant. Some of the leaves turn in autumn to attractive shades of red, bronze and scarlet while some remain green. Height four to five feet. Good for specimen or mass plantings. One of the finest hardy evergreens grown.

|       |                                |     |      |       |     |
|-------|--------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 1- 3  | inches once transplanted.....  |     |      | 9     | 81  |
| 3- 6  | " " " ".....                   |     |      | 12    | 108 |
| 6- 9  | " " " ".....                   |     |      | 15    | 135 |
| 9-12  | " " " ".....                   |     |      | 18    | 162 |
| 12-15 | " " " ".....                   |     |      | 21    | 189 |
| 15-18 | inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 |
| 18-24 | " " " ".....                   | B&B | 1.50 | 13.50 | 122 |
| 24-30 | " " " ".....                   | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |
| 30-36 | " " " ".....                   | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 | 162 |

**Oregon Grape—See Mahonia**



Also known as South American Huckleberry. Neat evergreen foliage, white flowers. The shrub reaches a height of four to five feet and a spread of three or four feet. Native from Mexico to southern South America. Hardy in sheltered positions as far north as New York. An old and almost forgotten garden favorite, but one which is rapidly and deservedly again coming into popular favor.

|                                      |     |          |          |       |          |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| PINK BERRIED                         |     | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000     |
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....   | B&B | \$ ----- | \$ ----- | \$ 11 | \$ ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " " .....                   | " " | -----    | -----    | 14    | 126      |
| 6- 9 " " " " .....                   | " " | -----    | -----    | 17    | -----    |
| 9-12 " " " " .....                   | " " | -----    | -----    | 21    | -----    |
| 18-24 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.50     | 13.50    | 122   | -----    |
| 24-30 " " " " .....                  | B&B | 1.75     | 15.80    | 142   | -----    |
| 30-36 " " " " .....                  | B&B | 2.00     | 18.00    | ----- | -----    |
| WHITE BERRIED                        |     |          |          |       |          |
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....   |     | -----    | -----    | 14    | -----    |

Native of western Asia. *Decora*, meaning elegant, surely describes this evergreen. Round topped shrub growing to four feet or more. Large, glossy, dark green leaves. Small white flowers. This semi dwarf, alluring, elegant broad leaved evergreen of many uses has never turned a leaf in our most severe weather. Good for banks and terraces, foundations or specimens. Very superior as a hedge plant. Extremely rare.

|                                    |       |       |    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 12 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 16 | 144   |

Upright evergreen shrub to six feet or more having very fine ornamental qualities. Leaves of medium size on slender vertical branches. Best known for its brilliant foliage which during most of the year is a showy copper red. Outstanding when seen with other shrubs. Hardy.

|      |                          |    |
|------|--------------------------|----|
| 1- 3 | inches once transplanted | 13 |
| 3- 6 | " " "                    | 16 |
| 6- 9 | " " "                    | 20 |

That Squaw Grass (*Xerophyllum*) is not a grass.

Native of China. Hardy, rapid growing evergreen with large, dark green, glossy leaves having serrated edges. The tips of the new foliage in spring and summer are fiery red simulating blossoms in appearance when seen at a distance. Its shades of red and crimson are unsurpassed by any evergreen. Large growing plant which responds well to pruning.

|                                      |     |      |       |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted.....   |     |      | 20    |
| 12-18     "      "      ".....       |     |      | 25    |
| 30-36 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| 3- 4 feet twice transplanted.....    | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 |

A large growing tree having slender spreading branches which form a dense, narrow pyramid. Has bluish green to steel blue foliage. Hardy ornamental. Native of the Cascade and Rocky Mts.

|                                    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 9  |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 13 |
| 9-12 " " " .....                   | 16 |



We can supply the above grades in irregular, one sided, wind swept, picturesque trees. We have grown them this way as an aid to those who desire the unusual and unique in landscaping effects. They are exciting. Superb for Bonzai training. Price as above.

A handsome, hardy tree of symmetrical habit of growth and bluish green foliage. Like many of the spruces it has fine ornamental value and belongs to the hardy class of trees which thrive from the high mountains of the temperate region to the Arctic Circle.

|      |    |     |
|------|----|-----|
| Each | 10 | 100 |
|------|----|-----|

|                                    | Each    | 10      | 100  | 1000    |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|------|---------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | \$..... | \$..... | \$ 8 | \$..... |
| 3- 6 " " " ".....                  | .....   | .....   | 9    | 81      |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | .....   | .....   | 12   | 108     |
| 9-12 " " " ".....                  | .....   | .....   | 16   | 144     |

Highly ornamental, hardy conifer. Foliage dark green above, lighter beneath. Branches slenderly spreading. Native from Japan.

|                                   |    |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | 5  | 45 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                   | 7  | 63 |
| 6-12 " " ".....                   | 10 |    |

Small growing tree with slender pendulous branches forming a narrow, compact head. Foliage dense, dark green, sometimes bluish, variable. A very hardy conifer. Native from Canada.

|                                   |    |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | 5  | 45 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                   | 7  | 63 |
| 6-12 " " ".....                   | 10 | 90 |

Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. A very handsome and a very hardy tree of symmetrical habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the spruces. Flourishes under adverse conditions.

|       |                          |    |     |
|-------|--------------------------|----|-----|
| 3-6   | inches once transplanted | 9  | 81  |
| 6-9   | " " "                    | 12 | 108 |
| 9-12  | " " "                    | 15 | 135 |
| 12-15 | " " " BR                 | 18 | 162 |
| 15-18 | " " " BR                 | 21 | 189 |
| 18-24 | " " " BR                 | 25 | 225 |

The above is exceptionally fine stock.

Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The color effect ranges from green to silvery blue.

|                                   |       |       |   |    |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|---|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 5 | 45 |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " "      | ----- | ----- | 7 | 63 |

A bright, shiny, dark green conifer with a narrow pyramidal head. Branches short and slender. Handsome tree from Canada. Requires a cool, moist habitat.

|                                   |    |    |
|-----------------------------------|----|----|
| 1- 3 inches not transplanted..... | 5  | 45 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                  | 7  | 63 |
| 6-12 " " " .....                  | 10 | 90 |

Large growing broad pyramid. Branches rigid, thickly clothed with variable silver and green foliage. Beautiful evergreen from the Pacific Coast. Good understock for grafting. Hardy.

|       |                              |    |    |
|-------|------------------------------|----|----|
| 1- 3  | inches not transplanted..... | 5  | 45 |
| 3- 6  | " " ".....                   | 7  | 63 |
| 6-12  | " " ".....                   | 10 | 90 |
| 12-18 | " " ".....                   | 12 |    |



The 9-12 and 12-15 grades B&B can be handled BR.





The firethorns are famous berry bearers and in this respect have made a rich contribution to home and other beautification. The numerous varieties are nearly all good but *graberii* may be regarded as one of the best. It is a most beautiful berry bearer producing huge clusters of brilliant red berries in wonderful profusion. Furthermore it has full, fine foliage, and it may be trained into either bush or upright form.

|                                    | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000   |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 14 | \$ 126 |
| 6-12 " " " " .....                 | -----   | -----   | 17    | 153    |
| 12-18 " " " " .....                | -----   | -----   | 20    | -----  |
| 18-24 " " " " .....                | -----   | -----   | 24    | -----  |

An unusual firethorn possessing tiny leaves that are beautifully variegated. Hardy evergreen shrub. The foliage turns to charming shades of red and pink during the winter months. Red berries. Rare.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | 99  |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 14 | 126 |
| 6-12 " " " .....                   | 17 |     |

## RHODODENDRONS *(roh-doh-den'dron)*

Fascinating elfish evergreen with many slender, irregularly ascending branches and diminutive russet green leaves, russet beneath. An abundance of rhodamine purple flowers in bewitching clusters. Grows into a graceful, irregularly shaped shrub about three feet in height. Hardy. Very unusual. A lovely, dainty, fetching, cheerful pixie which has immediate appeal. Excellent for foundations and planters.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 18 | 162 |
| 6- 9 " " " .....                   | 24 | 216 |

A hardy rhododendron native of the Coast and Cascade Mts. of Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. It has full fine foliage. Flower tresses are showy red in the bud opening in a range of shades from delicate to deep pink. It grows either in open or shaded places and it is often at its best when banked in against a rocky hillside or against verdant firs or hemlocks. Residents of the area look forward to the rhododendron season and are well repaid for driving considerable distance to see them in their natural setting when in bloom.

|                                      |     |      |       |     |       |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.60 | 14.40 | 130 | ----- |
| 18-24 " " ".....                     | B&B | 1.90 | 17.10 | 154 | ----- |
| 24-30 " " ".....                     | B&B | 2.25 | 20.30 | 183 | ----- |
| 30-36 " " ".....                     | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 |     | ----- |

The delightful, enchantingly fragrant evergreen foliage well clothes the plant which grows to a height of about three feet. Leaves one to two and a half inches long. Flowers are Tyrian Rose in color formed in a multitude of showy clusters. Splendid shrub for low foundations and planters. Rare. Hardy.

|                                      |     |      |       |     |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....   |     |      |       | 14  | 126 |
| 3- 6 " " ".....                      |     |      |       | 18  |     |
| 15-18 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 | 162 |     |
| 18-24 " " ".....                     | B&B | 2.75 | 24.80 | 223 |     |

Hardy, vigorous grower. Large, glossy, evergreen foliage. Pink to lavender blooms.

|   |          |          |       |        |
|---|----------|----------|-------|--------|
|   | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000   |
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted.....                              | \$ ..... | \$ ..... | \$ 16 | \$ 144 |
| 6- 9       "                "                "                " | .....    | .....    | 20    | 180    |

|                                      |     |      |       |       |       |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.35 | 12.20 | 110   | ..... |
| 15-18 " " ".....                     | B&B | 1.60 | 14.40 | 130   | ..... |
| 18-24 " " ".....                     | B&B | 1.90 | 17.10 | ..... | ..... |

A beautiful evergreen ground cover for hot dry situations. Grows about 12 inches in height with irregularly arching spreading branches well clothed with deliciously scented, aromatic, sage green foliage. Many light blue flowers. Not completely hardy north.

|                                    |       |       |    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 11 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | ----- | ----- | 14 | ----- |

Small growing evergreen, 1½ to 2 feet in height with upright branches and silvery gray leaves. Round, yellow, terminal flower heads. Semi hardy. Native of the Mediterranean region.

6- 9 inches once transplanted..... 17 .....

A conifer of majestic bearing. Fine foliage. Rears itself to a great height tapering to a perfect pointed spire with a massive trunk. Rapid grower. A tree which gives dignity to large ample grounds. Has no parallel in its class.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 10 | 90  |
| 6-12 " " " ....."                  | 16 | 144 |
| 12-15 " " " ....."                 | 22 |     |

That Sequoia was named after a Cherokee Indian, Sequoyah.

A large growing conifer having sprays of flat foliage and dark brown bark. Horizontal or down sweeping branches. Especially desirable for large plantings or estates.

|                                    |    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | 8  | 72 |
| 6-12 " " ".....                    | 12 |    |

Densely branched, low growing shrub reaching a height and spread of three feet. Valued for its broad lustrous foliage and brilliant red fruit which is often carried throughout the winter. Desirable for potting and for Christmas uses. Likes partly shaded situations best and is fine for borders. It is unisexual and it will be necessary to plant male plants with the female ones to secure well fruited shrubs.

|                                    |    |       |
|------------------------------------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 11 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " ".....                  | 14 | 126   |
| 6- 9 " " " ".....                  | 17 |       |

Upright shrub growing to a height of 10 feet or more. Has slender rush like branches which are almost leafless and bright green in color. The fragrant, bright yellow flowers are borne in large terminal racemes. It blooms most of the year in warm localities. Showy. Hardy as far north as Philadelphia. Grows in almost any kind of well drained soil and is well suited for planting in exposed sandy or dry situations.

|                                    | Each     | 10    | 100   | 1000   |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|--------|
| 6-12 inches once transplanted..... | \$ ..... | \$ 12 | \$ 12 | \$ 108 |
| 12-18 " " " .....                  | .....    | ..... | 15    | 135    |

Splendid broad leaf evergreen growing to a height of 6 or 8 feet, having a mass of slender arching branches hugging the ground. Tiny white flowers followed in the fall and winter by a great array of scarlet clusters of berries. A plant 5 feet high will have a spread of 8 or 10 feet. Foliage soft bronze during the summer turning to brilliant red and scarlet during the winter. A very showy shrub and considered by us to be one of the most beautiful of all broad leaved evergreens. Rare. Hardy native of China.

|                                    |       |       |    |  |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|--|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 13 |  |
| 6-12 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 18 |  |

This is the old favorite of English gardens. Native of Europe and North Africa to the Himalayas. Deep green, rapid growing in good soil, very dense. Will do quite well in poor soil and in dry situations. One of the best of all hedge plants as it will stand any amount of pruning. Thrives in either sun or shade. English Yew has this great advantage in hedges, in common with all the yews: the trees make uniform growth all along the line regardless of sun or shade. Hardy evergreen.

|                                       |      |       |     |     |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|-----|
| 3-6 inches once transplanted.....     |      |       | 14  | 126 |
| 6-9   "      "                ".....  |      |       | 17  | 153 |
| 9-12   "      "                "..... |      |       | 21  |     |
| 9-12 inches twice transplanted.....BR |      | 5.90  | 53  |     |
| 12-15   "      "                "B&B  | 1.00 | 9.00  | 81  |     |
| 15-18   "      "                "B&B  | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 |     |
| 18-24   "      "                "B&B  | 1.50 | 13.50 | 122 |     |
| 24-30   "      "                "B&B  | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |     |

A rare plant and one of the most handsome of all yews. Foliage bright golden diminishing in color late in the season. Hardy, slow growing, globe shaped, compact. Seldom reaches a height of more than six or eight feet.

|                                      |     |      |       |     |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 |
| 15-18 " " ".....                     | B&B | 1.50 | 13.50 | 122 |
| 18-24 " " ".....                     | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |

A nonpareil among the yews having a multitude of small branches with nodding tips which form a spreading, rounded top. A very regular, compact, tidy shrub. Twenty year old plants are two and one half feet high and five feet across. Clothed to the ground in soft green foliage. Hardy. Rare. Dwarf. Make splendid specimens.

|                                    |       |       |    |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 14 | ----- |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | ----- | ----- | 18 | ----- |



|                                     |      |    |       |        |
|-------------------------------------|------|----|-------|--------|
| 6- 9 inches twice transplanted..... | Each | 10 | 100   | 1000   |
| 9-12 " " ".....                     | \$   | \$ | \$ 17 | \$ 153 |
|                                     |      |    | 21    |        |

|                                 |     |      |       |     |
|---------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 12-15 inches twice transplanted | B&B | 1.50 | 13.50 |     |
| 15-18 " " "                     | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |
| 18-24 " " "                     | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 | 162 |
| 24-30 " " "                     | B&B | 2.50 | 22.50 |     |

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 14 | 126 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                   | 18 |     |

|                                     |    |     |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....  | 14 | 126 |
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | 20 |     |

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | 17 | 153 |

|                                     |    |     |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted.....  | 14 | 126 |
| 3- 6 " " " .....                    | 18 | 162 |
| 3- 6 inches twice transplanted..... | 20 | 180 |

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 13 | 117 |
| 3- 6 " " " ....."                  | 17 | 153 |



A blue-green arborvitae, having soft, dense, feathery foliage. Pyramidal in form and adds effective variety in tree grouping.

|                                    |         |         |       |        |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|--------|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | Each    | 10      | 100   | 1000   |
| 3- 6   "      "      "      "..... | \$----- | \$----- | \$ 12 | \$ 108 |
|                                    |         |         | 16    |        |

An exceedingly bright golden form, its rich, golden foliage unchanging in color with the seasons. Similar in shape and color to George Peabody Arborvitae but much showier. It is full branched, well formed and of graceful habit. Rare. Hardy.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 12 | 108 |
| 3- 6 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | 16 |     |

A dwarf of regular form. Foliage upright and grows in thick, heavy layers appearing to be packed together. Color bright green. Low growing, a mature tree reaching a height of two feet and spread of three feet, and presenting an aged appearance. Desirable wherever dwarfs are needed.

|       |                                      |     |      |       |     |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 12-15 | inches three times transplanted..... | B&B | 1.25 | 11.30 | 102 |
| 15-18 | " " " ".....                         | B&B | 1.50 | 13.50 | 122 |
| 18-24 | " " " ".....                         | B&B | 1.75 | 15.80 | 142 |

That the spines of barberries are really the leaves.

A most desirable arbovitae of narrow columnar growth, dense and compact without pruning. Planted in groups it produces a most impressive alpine effect. In situations where effective hedges requiring but little space are desired, Pyramidal Arbovitae has no counterpart. The hedge becomes a solid wall of green from 4 to 20 feet in height as desired and occupies only two feet in width. For hedges, trees should be planted 18 inches apart. A Pyramidal Arbovitae hedge requires scarcely any care.

|       |                          |     |      |       |     |
|-------|--------------------------|-----|------|-------|-----|
| 1-3   | inches once transplanted |     |      | 12    | 108 |
| 3-6   | " " "                    |     |      | 16    | 144 |
| 6-9   | " " "                    |     |      | 20    | 180 |
| 9-12  | " " "                    |     |      | 24    | 216 |
| 12-15 | " " "                    |     |      | 27    | 243 |
| 15-18 | " " "                    |     |      | 30    | 270 |
| 18-24 | " " "                    |     |      | 33    | 297 |
| 3-4   | feet twice transplanted  | B&B | 2.00 | 18.00 |     |
| 4-5   | " " "                    | B&B | 2.25 | 20.30 | 183 |
| 5-6   | " " "                    | B&B | 2.75 | 24.80 | 223 |
| 6-7   | " " "                    | B&B | 3.25 | 29.30 | 264 |

Dwarf conifer seldom attaining a height of more than two feet or spread of four feet. Umbrella shaped, dense foliage, good green color. Hardy and rare.

|                                    |       |       |    |     |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----|-----|
| 3- 6 inches once transplanted..... | ----- | ----- | 16 | 144 |
| 6- 9 " " " " " " " " " " " "       | ----- | ----- | 20 | 180 |

Sometimes called Siberian Arborvitae, which name it bears well because of its ruggedness and adaptability to cold climes. A tree of close, compact, heavy foliage which holds its deep green color of slightly bluish cast throughout the year. Symmetrical and conical in habit of growth. Not too large, being just out of the dwarf group, shapely, desirable for ornamental plantings.

|                                    |    |     |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|
| 1- 3 inches once transplanted..... | 12 | 108 |
|------------------------------------|----|-----|





A handsome, hardy evergreen tree, 25 to 30 feet in height and sometimes reaching 75 feet. Native of southern Oregon and northern California where it reaches its greatest perfection of growth along the streams and valleys of the Coast Range. The tree is conical in form and the leaves are highly aromatic. Well adapted to hedges. Sargent has described the Myrtle as "one of the stateliest and most beautiful inhabitants of North American forests, and no evergreen tree of temperate regions surpasses it in the beauty of its dark, dense crown of lustrous foliage."



**Vinca minor** (Common Periwinkle)

Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. makes a complete and refreshing ground cover and thrives with little or no care. Does well in partial shade.

|                        | Each     | 10       | 100  | 1000  |
|------------------------|----------|----------|------|-------|
| Rooted divisions ..... | \$ ..... | \$ ..... | \$ 5 | \$ 45 |

**Wintercreeper—See Euonymus****Wintergreen—See Gaultheria****Yew—See Taxus, Cephalotaxus****SPECIAL LINING OUT COLLECTION OFFERED**

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broad-leaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

|                                  | Each     | 10       | 100   | 1000     |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| Once transplanted .....          | \$ ..... | \$ ..... | \$ 15 | \$ ..... |
| Twice transplanted .....         | .....    | .....    | 20    | .....    |
| Twice transplanted (Heavy) ..... | .....    | .....    | 30    | .....    |

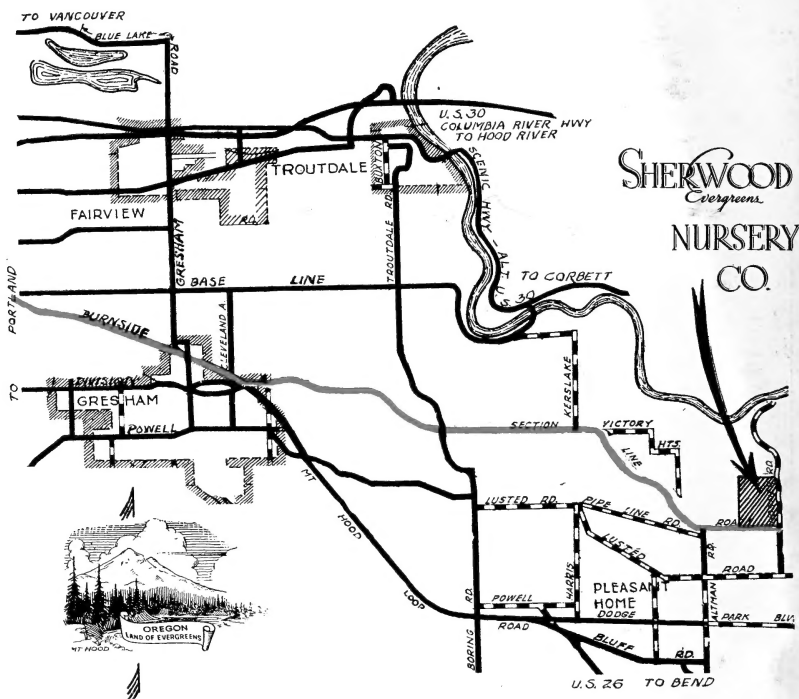
**SPECIAL B&B COLLECTION OFFERED**

We also have odds and ends in B&B stock that we are offering in collections of 10 plants each. These are all good trees and shrubs. All are properly labelled and of excellent value. No order accepted for less than 10 plants of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

|   | Each     | 10      | 100     | 1000    |
|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Collection No. 1 (10 plants—small grade).....B&B  | \$ ..... | \$10.00 | \$..... | \$..... |
| Collection No. 2 (10 plants—medium grade).....B&B | .....    | 15.00   | .....   | .....   |
| Collection No. 3 (10 plants—large grade).....B&B  | .....    | 20.00   | .....   | .....   |



# HOW TO REACH OUR NURSERY



Mailing Address — Corbett, Oregon — Phone Frontier 5-2796  
Nursery — Gresham, Oregon